

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Jeff Kottkamp Lt. Governor

Charlie Crist

Governor

Michael W. Sole Secretary

Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas Marjory Stoneman Douglas Building 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard Rm 432 MS 235 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000

DATE: November 12, 2009

TO: CAMA Staff

FROM: Lee Edmiston, Director

Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas

SUBJECT: CAMA Living Shorelines Guidance

result in significant loss of critical coastal habitats and natural processes, and in many shorelines (e.g. bulkheads, stone revetments, seawalls) for erosion control that can goal of the Living Shorelines program is to provide alternatives to traditional hardened cases, result in increased rates of erosion. Foundation and other partners, initiated the Living Shorelines program in 2004. The NOAA's Restoration Center, in partnership with the National Fish and Wildlife

approach that combines soft and hard materials. eroding shorelines through the placement of soft/nonstructural materials (e.g. natural vegetation, submerged aquatic vegetation, sand fill, and organic material) or a hybrid Living Shorelines uses bank stabilization techniques that are designed to reinforce

requirements of 18-20 with an eye toward any resources that may be impacted. However, as with all proposed projects within Aquatic Preserve boundaries, each Living Shorelines project needs to be thoroughly evaluated for compliance with the management tool to replace existing hardened materials along Florida's coastline. CAMA supports the concept of Living Shorelines as an alternative shoreline

conducted for each Living Shorelines project to determine whether the targeted area of this commitment CAMA managers should ensure that an appropriate site analysis is regulatory decisions regarding proposed projects within an Aquatic Preserve. As a part with regulatory agencies to provide site-based information that supports informed Florida's most pristine coastal areas, it is the role of our managers to coordinate closely As CAMA is responsible for the management of 41 Aquatic Preserves representing

resources. meets the intended threshold for implementation and to ensure the protection of

restored to more natural conditions. Natural shoreline conditions within Aquatic applications include shorelines with traditionally hardened materials that can be Preserves should remain undisturbed. Appropriate areas within Aquatic Preserves for consideration of Living Shorelines